

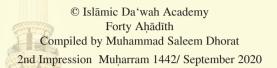
Forty Ahādīth



Compiled by Muhammad Saleem Dhorat



يح النوع الله يسلكي



All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the Islāmic Da'wah Academy.

Islāmic Da'wah Academy 120 Melbourne Road Leicester England UK LE2 0DS Telephone (0116) 262 5440 www.idauk.org

ISBN: 1 907182 27 3

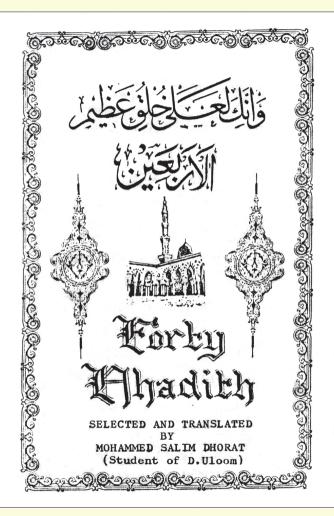
Forty Aḥādīth



Compiled by Muhammad Saleem Dhorat



يح الزحق الله يسلكي



(17) Do not become angry.	لَا تَغُضَبُ
(13) Modesty is from Iman.	(الله المين الزيّانِ الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
(19) Abundance of laughter kills the heart.	الفِنْحُكِ ثَمِيْتُ الْفِنْحُكِ مُنِيْتُ الْقَلْبَ
(20) The fortunate is he who takes advise from others.	اَلْسَعِيْدُسَ وُعِظَ بِغَيْرِةِ
(21) Purity is half of faith.	اللَّهُوْرُ شَطْرُالْاِ بِمَانِ
(22) Best amongst people is the one most beneficial to people.	٣ خَيُرُ النَّاسِ اَنْفَعَهُمُ لِلنَّاسِ المُد حَيْرُا
(23) A muslim is a broth- er of a muslim.	الكُنْسُلِمُ ٱخُوْاللَّسُلِمِ
(24) The one who breaks relationship will not enter Paradise.	لَّ لَا يَدُخُلُ لِلْجُنَّةُ قَاطِعُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ مِدِ



Foreword

Rasūlullāh **said**:

Convey from me (whatever you are able to), be it a single verse. (Al-Bukhārī)

When Allāh s grants someone the opportunity to respond to this call of our beloved Nabī t it is indeed a great honour and a source of priceless good fortune. Rasūlullāh also said:

May Allāh enlighten the person who heard a ḥadīth from me and safeguarded it in order to convey it to others... (At-Tirmidhī)

This du'ā of Rasūlullāh and his instruction to propagate are undoubtedly factors that have motivated countless individuals of the Ummah to preserve and propagate the blessed aḥādīth of Rasūlullāh . History is witness to the astounding lengths to which the muḥaddithīn went in order to compile and disseminate the aḥādīth. The resulting compilations of aḥādīth took

various forms from voluminous works to short collect

various forms, from voluminous works to short collections, notes and even letters.

One such format is the *arba'in*, a compilation of forty aḥādīth. Due to certain narrations of our beloved Messenger extolling the virtues of conveying forty aḥādīth to the Ummah, the compiling of *arba'in* is a long established practice. Despite the narrations about *arba'in* being classed as weak by the muḥaddithīn, many luminaries of the Ummah have gathered forty aḥādīth to earn the virtues mentioned therein, as it is an accepted principle that weak aḥādīth are permitted when related to faḍā'il. Imām 'Abdullāh Ibn Al-Mubārak (d: 181h), 'Allāmah Ibn At-Taymiyyah (d: 728h) and Al-Ḥāfiz Ibn Ḥajar Al-'Asqalānī (d: 852h) all authored *arba'in*, while the *arba'in* of Imām An-Nawawī (d: 676h) is the most famous and widely read example of this format in our times.

The arba'īn in your hands was compiled by my beloved Shaykh and teacher Ḥaḍrat Mawlānā Muhammad Saleem Dhorat ṣāḥib dāmat barakātuhum, who is one of those noble souls whom Allāh has specially chosen to serve His Dīn. His efforts and achievements are many, and as Shaykh-ul-Ḥadīth at the Islāmic Da'wah Academy he has been rendering a valuable service to the field of ḥadīth for many years now. However, it was during

his student days at Dārul 'Uloom Bury, while meeting the demands of study, that he compiled this *arba'in*.

My first encounter with this work was during the early 90's when I was myself a student at Dārul 'Uloom Bury. The senior students had a daily routine of mentoring and teaching good morals and character to us junior students. During these sessions this compilation was used and we memorised the aḥādīth and understood the lessons contained in them.

This highly regarded compilation of my beloved Shaykh contains short aḥādīth pertinent to our daily lives. It also holds great historical importance in my eyes as, according to my knowledge it was:

- my Shaykh's first effort in conveying the teachings of our beloved Rasul **;
- the first ever written piece prepared by an 'ālim educated in the UK;
- the very first effort in the English language by an 'ālim educated in the UK.

It has been my Shaykh's heartfelt desire that his very first endeavour at serving the Dīn of Allāh & be republished and distributed, with the aim of propagating the beautiful teachings of our beloved Rasūl . By learning, practising and propagating these precious teachings, Allāh &'s pleasure and proximity will surely be

acquired.

It is my earnest appeal to readers to:

- · memorise all forty ahādīth;
- practise upon the aḥādīth and convey them to others:
- · distribute this booklet far and wide;
- · teach these ahādīth to your children;
- · include this booklet in the madrasah syllabus;
- imāms of masājid may also wish to impart weekly lessons based on one ḥadīth per week. Similarly, prison chaplains may wish to use this text for the tarbiyah (spiritual nurturing) of inmates.

May Allāh s grant further acceptance to this work and make it a means of guidance for all. May He grant barakah and acceptance to every endeavour of my beloved Shaykh and grant him good health and a long life with serenity and peace. May Allāh beless us with the ability to benefit from his enlightening presence for many years to come and allow us to live up to his heartfelt hopes for us and make us the embodiment of his pure teachings. Āmīn.

(Muftī) Sulayman Lasania (ḥafiẓahullāh) Lecturer of tafsīr, ḥadīth and fiqh Islāmic Da'wah Academy Jumādā Al-Ākhirah 1437 / March 2016

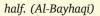


Preface

From amongst the innumerable favours of Allāh supon me, one very great favour was the blessing of my beloved father supon nurtured me from childhood to learn, practice and propagate the beautiful teachings of our Dīn. May Allāh supon shower infinite blessings and mercies upon his grave, enlighten it with immense nūr and reward him in abundance. This nurturing had a profound effect on my life and, in my humble way, I have always tried to fulfil his desire for me to dedicate my life to the service of Dīn.

During the early 80s, whilst I was studying at Dārul 'Uloom Bury, I came across the following hadīth of Rasūlullāh ::

Whoever conveys forty aḥādīth on matters of religion to my Ummah, Allāh will raise him as a faqīh (a person with sound Dīnī knowledge) and on the Day of Qiyāmah I shall be an intercessor for him and a witness on his be-



Through the tawfiq of Allāh , I immediately resolved to collect forty aḥādīth from the beautiful collections of the aḥādīth of our beloved Nabī . In those days textual resources were scarce. Therefore, from the books available, I began collecting short aḥādīth which could be easily memorised and understood by young and old alike. After deciding upon the forty aḥādīth, I translated them and had them edited by Mr. Ibrahim, a revert and a teacher of geography at Dārul 'Uloom Bury, who was always affectionate and helpful.

By the grace of Allāh , it was published first in the UK and then in Al-Madīnah Al-Munawwarah. When I presented a copy to my honourable ustādh and mentor, Ḥaḍrat Mawlānā Hashim ṣāḥib dāmat barakātuhum, for his prayers and blessings, he said, "I am delighted. May this beginning be full of blessings. The very first work that Allāh has taken from you is related to the ḥadīth of our Beloved . I take good omen that Allāh will utilise you much for the service of His Dīn and also the ahādīth of Rasūlullāh ."

Time passed, and I graduated from Dārul 'Uloom Bury in 1986. Thereafter, I was granted the honour of teaching at the Dārul 'Uloom until 1991 when, due to the demise of my late father \$\mathbb{B}\$, I moved to Leicester and

through the faḍl of Allāh ﷺ established the Islāmic . Da'wah Academy.

The busy days and nights spent in establishing and running the Academy, with teaching, lecturing, and other activities, did not give me the opportunity to think about reprinting the forty aḥādīth. However, in recent years the urge to republish this collection has been growing stronger. I regard this collection as one of the most valuable favours of Allāh wupon me as, through the faḍl of Allāh rit was my first humble effort in conveying the teachings of our beloved Rasūl and Allāh graced me with this favour whilst I was still studying at the Dārul 'Uloom. It also became the means of the pleasure and happiness of my beloved parents and my respected teachers.

Alḥamdulillāh, Allāh the All Merciful has once again granted me the opportunity to witness the reprinting of this collection after more than 30 years. This insignificant one is not able to express enough gratitude to Allāh for this great favour.

In this revised version the translation has been edited, minor wording changes have been made to hadīth numbers 19, 27, 37, 38, and 39, to be consistent with authentic sources, and the following have been substituted, as their exact wording could not be located in

the books of authentic ahādīth.

- اَلدُّنْيَا مَزُرَعَةُ الْأَخِرَةِ •
- اَلصِّدُقُ يُنْجِي وَالْكِذْبِ يُهْلِكُ·
- أَكْرِمُوا الضَّيْفَ •
- أُشُكُرُوا اللهَ تَعَالَى عَلَى نِعُمَتِهِ •

May Allāh & accept this humble effort through His sheer Grace and Mercy and make it a means of salvation for me, my parents, my teachers, my mashā'ikh, my well-wishers and all my associates and the whole Ummah, those living and those who have departed.

I am grateful to all my friends and associates who have assisted in making this publication possible. May Allāh reward them with Divine Love. Āmīn.

(Shaykh-ul-Ḥadīth, Ḥaḍrat Mawlānā) Muhammad Saleem Dhorat (ḥafizahullāh) Jumādā Al-Ākhirah 1437 / March 2016





قَالَ رَسُولُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ



إِنَّمَا الْأَعْمَالُ بِالنِّيَّاتِ

(رواه البخاري ومسلم)

Actions are dependent on intentions. (Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)

Hadīth 2 🔆

قُلُ الْمَنْتُ بِاللَّهِ ثُمَّ اسْتَقِمُ

Say: 'I believe in Allāh,' thereafter remain steadfast. (Ahmad)



اَلطَّلُوكُ عِمَادُ الدِّيْنِ (رواه البيهقي)

Salāh is the pillar of the religion (Islām). (Al-Bayhaqī)

Hadīth 4

ٱلصِّيَامُ جُنَّةً

(رواه البخاري ومسلم)

Fasting is a shield. (Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)

🖔 Ḥadīth 5 🔆

كُنْ فِي الدُّنْيَا كَأَنَّكَ غَرِيْبٌ أَوُ

عَابِرُ سَبِيلٍ (رواه البخاري)

Be in the world as though you are a traveller or a wayfarer. (Al-Bukhārī)

Hadīth 6

مَنُ يَتَزَوَّدُ فِي الدُّنْيَا يَنُفَعُهُ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ }

Whoever makes provision (of good actions) in the world, it will benefit him in the hereafter. (Al-Bayhaqī)

🖔 Ḥadīth 7 🗽

اَلدُّنْيَا سِجُنُ الْمُؤُمِنِ وَجَنَّةُ الْكَافِرِ (رواه مسلم)

The world is a prison for the believer and a paradise for the non-believer. (Muslim)

Hadīth 8

لَوْ تَعْلَمُونَ مَا أَعُلَمُ لَضَحِكُتُمُ وَ فَكُمُ لَضَحِكُتُمُ وَ فَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُسَلِّمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا ا

If you knew what I know you would have surely laughed less and cried more.

(Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)

Ḥadīth 9 🔆

اَلتَّائِبُ مِنَ الذَّنْبِ كَمَنْ لَلا ذَنْبَ لَهُ (رواه ابن ماجه)

The one who repents from sins is like the one who has no sin. (Ibn Mājah)

Hadīth 10

أَكْمَلُ الْمُؤُمِنِيُنَ إِيْمَانًا أَحْسَنُهُمْ خُلُقًا (رُواه الترمَّذي وأبو داود)

The most perfect believer is the one with the best character. (At-Tirmidhī & Abū Dāwūd)



مَنُ صَمَتَ نَجَا (رواه الترمذي)

One who remains silent will save himself. (At-Tirmidhī)

Ḥadīth 12

اَلدُّعَاءُ سِلَاحُ الْمُؤُمِنِ (رواه الحاكم)

Du'ā is the weapon of the believer. (Al-Hākim)

إِنَّ الطِّدُقَ يَهُدِي إِلَى الْبِرِّ وَإِنَّ الْبِرِّ وَإِنَّ الْبِرِّ وَإِنَّ الْبِرَّ وَإِنَّ الْبِرَّ وَإِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَهُدِي إِلَى الْبِحَنِّةِ (رواه البحاري)

Indeed truthfulness leads to piety, and indeed piety leads to Jannah. (Al-Bukhārī)

Hadīth 14

Whoever believes in Allāh and the Last Day should honour his guest. (Al-Bukhārī)

لَيْسَ مِنَّا مَنُ لَّهُ يَرُحَهُ صَغِيْرَنَا وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَيَحُرِفُ شَرَفَ كَبِيْرِنَا (رواه الترمذي وأبو داود)

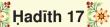
One who does not show mercy to our young nor acknowledges the honour and status of our elders is not of us. (At-Tirmidhī & Abū Dāwūd)

Hadīth 16

لَا يَرُحَمُ اللَّهُ مَنْ لَّا يَرُحَمُ النَّاسَ (رواه البخاري)

Allāh will not show mercy to the one who does not show mercy to the people.

(Al-Bukhārī)



لَا تَخْضَبُ

(رواه البخاري)

Do not become angry. (Al-Bukhārī)

Hadīth 18

ال حَياءُ مِنَ الْإِيْمَانِ (رواه مسلم)

Ḥayā¹ is a branch of Īmān. (Muslim)

¹ Ḥayā is a character trait that causes one to abandon all that is shameless and repugnant and prevents one from neglecting the rights of others.

لَا تُكْثِرِ الصَّحِكَ فَإِلَّ كَثُرَةً الصَّحِكِ فَإِلَّ كَثُرَةً الصَّحِكِ ثُمِيْتُ الْقَلْبَ (رواه الترمذي)

Do not laugh excessively, for indeed excessive laughter kills the heart.

(At-Tirmidhī)

Ḥadīth 20

السَّعِيْدُ مَنُ وُّعِظَ بِغَيْرِهِ

Fortunate is he who learns a lesson from (the fate of) others. (Muslim)



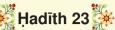
اَلْطُهُورُ شَطْرُ الْإِنْمَانِ (رواه مسلم)

Purity is half of faith. (Muslim)

Ḥadīth 22

خَيْرُ النَّاسِ أَنْفَعُهُمْ لِلنَّاسِ (رواه الطبراني)

The best amongst people is the one who is most beneficial to people. (Aṭ-Ṭabarānī)



اَلْهُ سُلِمُ اَخُو الْهُ سُلِمِ (رواه البخاري ومسلم)

A Muslim is the brother of another Muslim. (Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)

Hadith 24

لَا يَدُخُلُ الْجَنَّةَ قَاطِعٌ (رواه البخاري ومسلم)

The one who severs ties of kinship will not enter Jannah. (Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)



ٱلْجَنَّةُ تَحْتَ أَقْدَامِ الْأُمَّهَاتِ

(رواه الديلمي والقضاعي)

Jannah lies under the feet of mothers. (Ad-Daylamī & Al-Quḍāʻī)

Hadīth 26

أَفُشُوا السَّلَامَ بَيُنَكُمُ

(رواه مسلم)

Spread salām amongst you. (Muslim)



أَكْرَهُهُمْ عِنْدَ اللهِ أَتْقَاهُمُ اللهِ أَتْقَاهُمُ اللهِ اللهِ أَتْقَاهُمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ ا

The most honoured amongst people in the sight of Allāh is the one with the most taqwā².

(Al-Bukhārī)

² Taqwā is a quality of the heart which prevents one from disobeying Allāh 36.

Ḥadīth 28

ٱلْمَرُءُ مَعَ مَنْ أَحَبَّ

(رواه البخاري ومسلم)

A person will be with whom he loved (in the hereafter). (Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)

خَيْرُكُمْ مَنْ تَعَلَّمَ الْقُرْاتِ وَعَلَّمَهُ

The best amongst you is one who learns the Qur'ān and teaches it. (Al-Bukhārī & Abū Dāwūd)

Hadīth 30

ٱلْإِيْمَارِ فِي فِهَارِ نِصْفٌ فِي الصَّبُرِ السَّهُ فِي الصَّبُرِ (رواه السَّهُ فِي الصَّبُرِ (رواه السَّهُ فِي الشَّكْرِ (رواه السَّهُ فِي الشَّكْرِ (رواه السَّهُ فِي الشَّكْرِ (رواه السَّهُ فِي الشَّكْرِ (رواه السَّهُ فِي السَّ

Īmān has two halves: half is ṣabr (patience) and half is shukr (gratitude). (Al-Bayhaqī)

مِنُ حُسُنِ إِسْ لَامِرِ الْمَرْءِ تَرُكُهُ مَا كُونُ مَا حُسُنِ إِسْ لَامِرِ الْمَرْءِ تَرُكُهُ مَا لَا يَعْزِيْهِ (رواه الترمذي وابن ماجه)

From the beauty of a person's Islām is his leaving that which does not concern him.

(At-Tirmidhī & Ibn Mājah)

Hadīth 32

ٱلْمُسْلِمُ مَنْ سَلِمَ الْمُسْلِمُونَ مِنْ

لِسَانِهِ وَيَدِهِ (رواه البخاري ومسلم)

The (perfect) Muslim is he from whose tongue and hand other Muslims are safe.

(Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)

💥 Ḥadīth 33 🔆

مَنْ تَوَاضَعَ لِلهِ رَفَعَهُ اللهُ (رواه البيهقي و أبو نعيم)

One who humbles himself for the sake of Allāh, Allāh will elevate him. (Al-Bayhaqī & Abū Nuʻaym)

Hadīth 34

مَنْ قَراً يَسَ فِي صَدُرِ النَّهَارِ قُضِيَتُ مَنْ قَراً يَسَ فِي صَدُرِ النَّهَارِ قُضِيَتُ مَنْ قَضِيتُ مَن

Whoever recites Sūrah Yāsīn at the beginning of the day, all his needs will be fulfilled. (Ad-Dārimī)

Ḥadīth 35

أَحَبُّ الْبِلَادِ إِلَى اللهِ مَسَاجِدُهَا (رواه مسلم)

The places most beloved to Allāh are the masājid. (Muslim)

Hadīth 36

ٱلْبَخِيْلُ الَّذِيُ مَنْ ذُكِرْتُ عِنْدَهُ فَلَمْ

يُصَلِّ عَلَيِّ (رواه الترمذي)

The miser is he before whom I am mentioned, yet does not send salutations upon me. (At-Tirmidhī)

مَنْ صَلَّى عَلَيَّ وَاحِدَةً صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيَّ وَاحِدَةً صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَشْرًا (رواه مسلم)

Whoever sends one salutation upon me, Allāh will send ten blessings upon him.

(Muslim)

Hadīth 38

أَوْلَى النَّاسِ بِي يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ أَكْثَرُهُمْ

The closest of people to me on the Day of Judgement will be the one who sends the most salutations upon me. (At-Tirmidhī)

إِنَّ الدَّالَّ عَلَى الْخَيْرِكَفَاعِلِهِ (رواه الترمذي)

Indeed the one who directs towards good is like the doer of good. (At-Tirmidhī)

Hadīth 40

مَنْ تَمَسَّكَ بِسُنَّتِي عِنْدَ فَسَادِ أُمَّتِي مِنْدَ فَسَادِ أُمَّتِي مِنْدَ فَسَادِ أُمَّتِي مِنْدَ فَسَادِ أُمَّتِي فَالَةُ شَهِيْدٍ (رواه البيهةي)

Whoever holds fast to my way during the degeneration of my Ummah, for him is the reward of a hundred martyrs. (Al-Bayhaqī)

